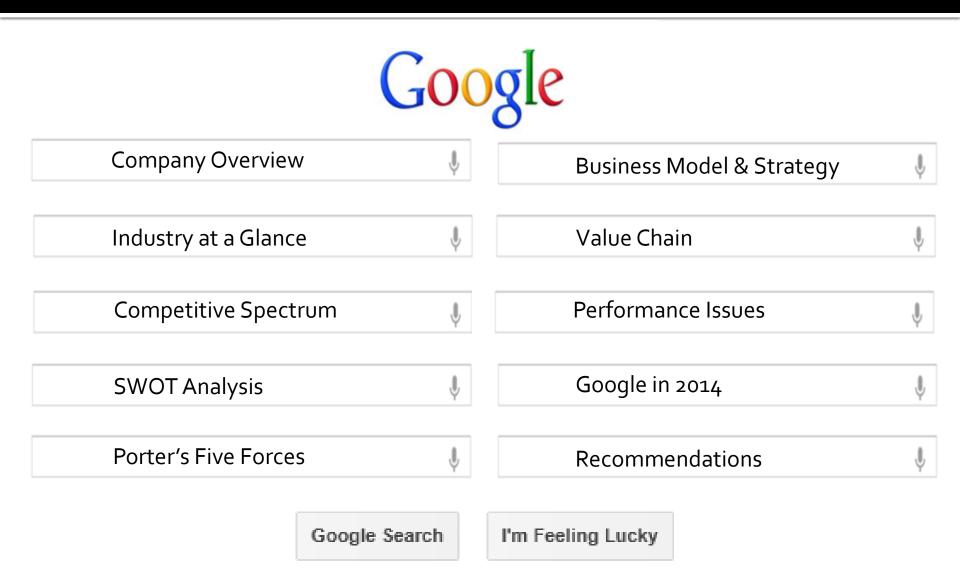


BUS 583: Business Strategy March 2014

AGENDA



COMPANY OVERVIEW

MISSION:

 To organize the world's information in such a way that it is universally accessible and useful.

OBJECTIVES:

- Provisions to improve search (and apply to new products)
- Acquisitions and partnerships
- Improve user and employee experience
- Anticipate needs not yet articulated (continuous growth)
- Maintain long-term focus to maximize stockholder value

BUSINESS UNITS:

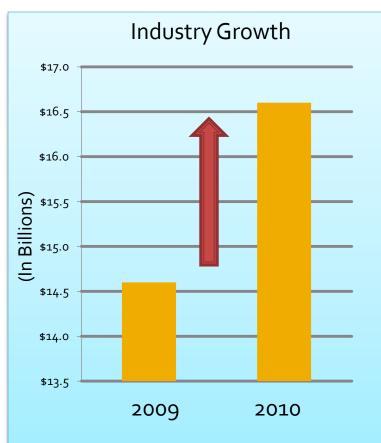
- Search Engines, Cloud Computing, Advertising, Operating Systems and Platforms, Enterprise and Hardware
- PRIMARY REVENUE SOURCE:
 - Online Advertising
- OUTREACH:
 - Products and services in more than 100 languages and 50 countries, regions, and territories



INDUSTRY AT A GLANCE

INDUSTRY:

- Internet Information Provider
- Sector: Technology
- DIRECT COMPETITION:
 - Yahoo
 - Microsoft
 - Apple
- GROWTH:
 - Search Engine Marketing Industry growth: 14%
 - \$14.6 billion in 2009 to \$16.6 billion by the end of 2010
- TRENDS:
 - 90% of companies engaging in SEO
 - In-house search marketing picking up slightly
 - 97% of companies advertising on Google
 - 71% paying to advertise on the Google search network
 - 56% distributing ads via the Google content network



COMPETITIVE SPECTRUM

COMPETITIVE SPECTRUM: 2010-2012

BUSINESS UNIT	Google	Microsoft	YAHOO!	É Apple [®]
Internet Advertising	Х	X	Х	Х
Internet Search	Х	X	Х	
Cloud Computing	Х	X	Х	Х
Operating Systems	Х	X		Х
Web-Based Apps	Х	X	Х	Х
TV/Streaming Video	Х	X	Х	Х
Browser	Х	X		Х
Mobile Devices	Х	X		Х
Mobile Search	Х	X	Х	
Social Network	Х	Х		

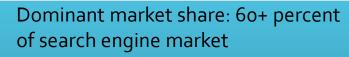
"Google is more like us than anyone else we have ever competed with". -Bill Gates: Microsoft



SWOT ANALYSIS

U

0 O



- Strong brand value
- Large cash flow
- Android mobile marketing system
- Continuous product innovation
- Loyal and satisfied employees
- Strengths Multi disciplined
 - **Technical infrastructure**

pportunities

- Secure consumers' personal info
- **Revive relationship with Chinese market**
- Penetrate into developing economies
- Develop tangible technology
- Strategic partnerships: NASA, AOL

- es Public perception of practices
 - **Relatively unsuccessful products:**
 - Orkut, Chrome OS Netbook
- Costly acquisitions: YouTube revenues e B were minimal
 - Over-dependence on search marketing

- Advertising space is growing more competitive
- Privacy issues with content ownership
- Insistence by foreign governments
- Possible Yahoo/Microsoft partnership
- Active measures to challenge Google

PORTER'S FIVE FORCES



THREAT OF NEW ENTRANTS

LOW TO MODERATE

- Barriers to entry are <u>relatively high</u>
 - Advanced technical expertise
 - Significant starting capital
 - Patents and proprietary knowledge
- Well-branded industry
 - Established reputations
 - Household name
 - Solid relationships
- Strong distribution networks are required



BARGAINING POWER OF BUYERS



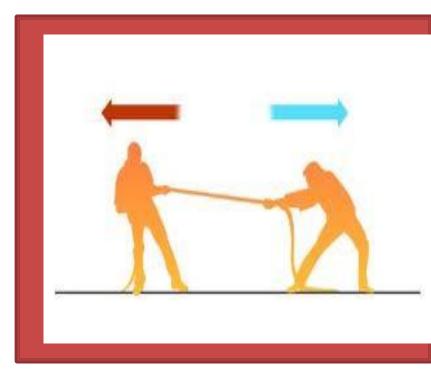
MODERATE

- Product is important to customers
 - Willing to pay more for select products
- Large number of customers
 - Limited bargaining leverage
- Buyers of advertising will want increased power and expect more ad representation
 - Demand more value in future
- Significant number of product choices
 - Interface and internet access
 - Prices and profits pushed down
- Privacy Issues

BARGAINING POWER OF SUPPLIERS

LOW TO MODERATE

- Large number of substitute inputs
 - Less bargaining leverage over producers
 - High competition
- Internal suppliers of labor
 - Come from within the company
 - Employee solidarity
 - Computer programmers, electronics
- Strong supplier relationships
 - Market dominance
 - Android phone system success



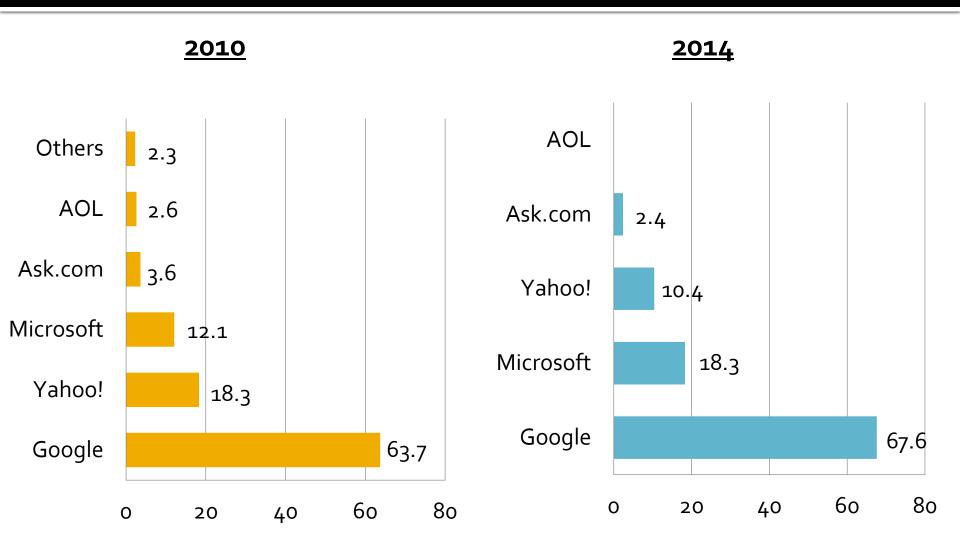
COMPETITIVE RIVALRY

MODERATE TO HIGH

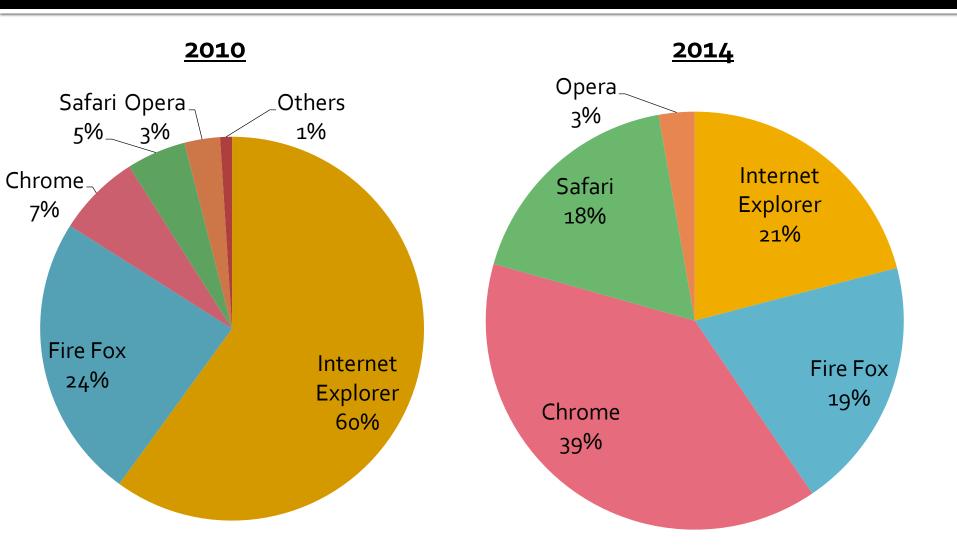


- Sustainable competitive advantage through innovation
- Level of advertising expense
- Ability to offer tailored packages
 - Bundling phone is common
- Large industry size
 - Can still prosper without stealing market share
- High barriers to entry

COMPETITIVE RIVALRY: Search Engines



COMPETITIVE RIVALRY: Browsers



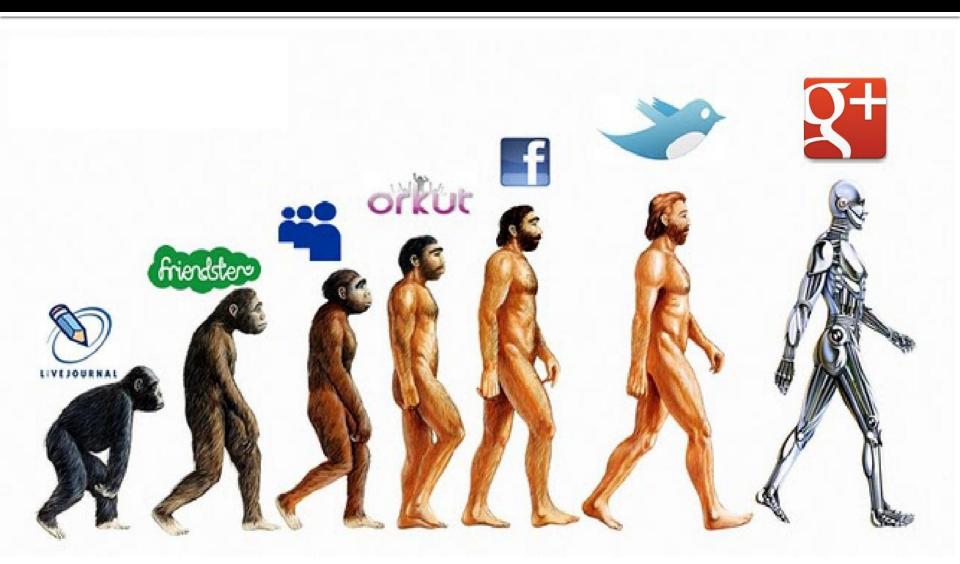
THREAT OF SUBSTITUTES

HIGH

- High substitute availability
 - Infinite number of internet companies
 - Online and offline factors
- Ease of substitution
 - Information-based products
 - Offerings are largely free



GOOGLE'S BUSINESS MODEL



GOOGLE'S BUSINESS MODEL

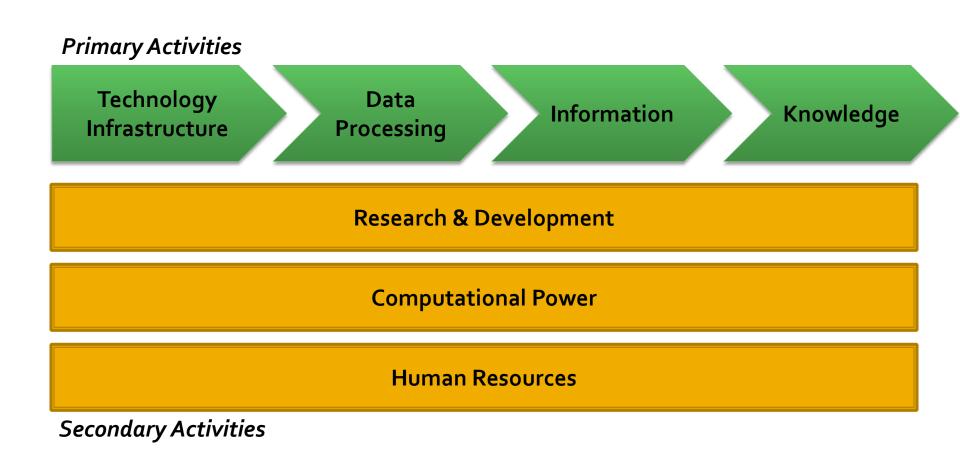
Integrated Approach



- Accommodate advertising (thereby enabling revenue generation) without subtracting from the search experience, and arguably enhancing it.
- Fulfilling their own software and hardware requirements to keep control of their product/service offering, ensuring its delivery and its quality.



CORE COMPETENCIES

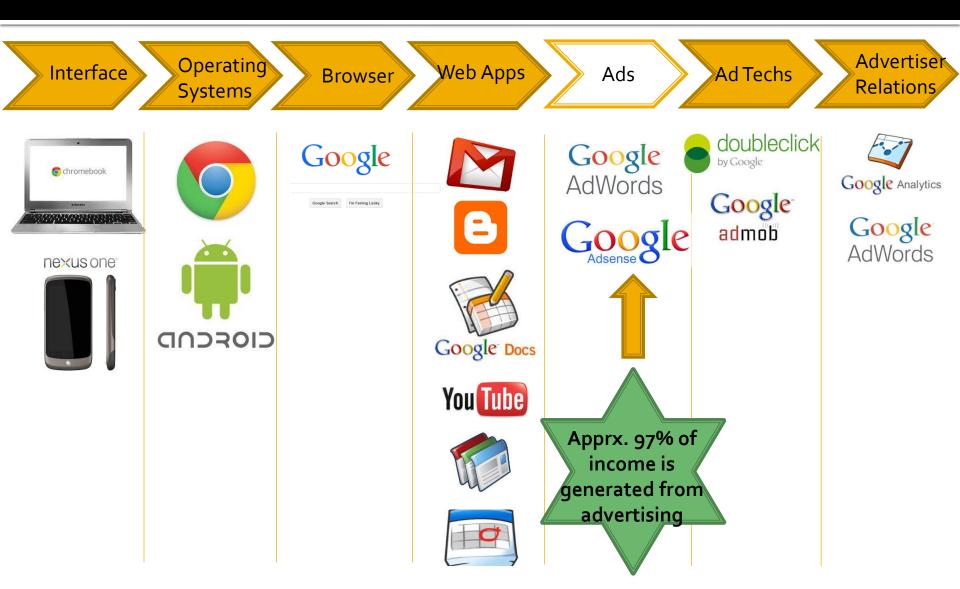


GOOGLE'S STRATEGY

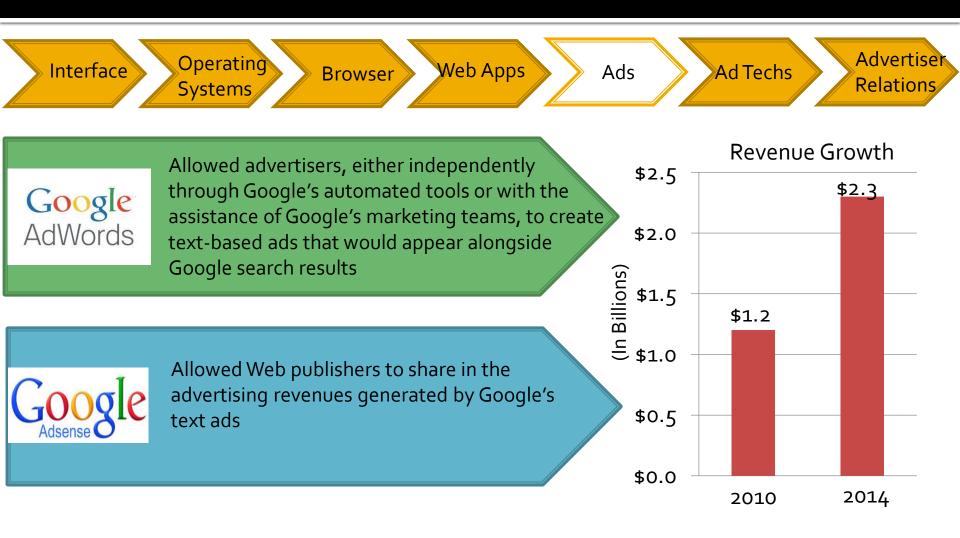
- Dominance in Internet Advertising
 - Research and development
 - Mergers, acquisitions, and alliances
 - Social media
- Number One Search Engine
 - Not just in the US, but in the world
 - PageRank Algorithm
- Diversification of Product Offering
 - Google maps, local search, airline information, weather, book search, Gmail, and Blogger

Diversified strategy through business entrepreneurship, constant innovation and acquisitions/alliances.

BUSINESS UNIT VALUE CHAIN

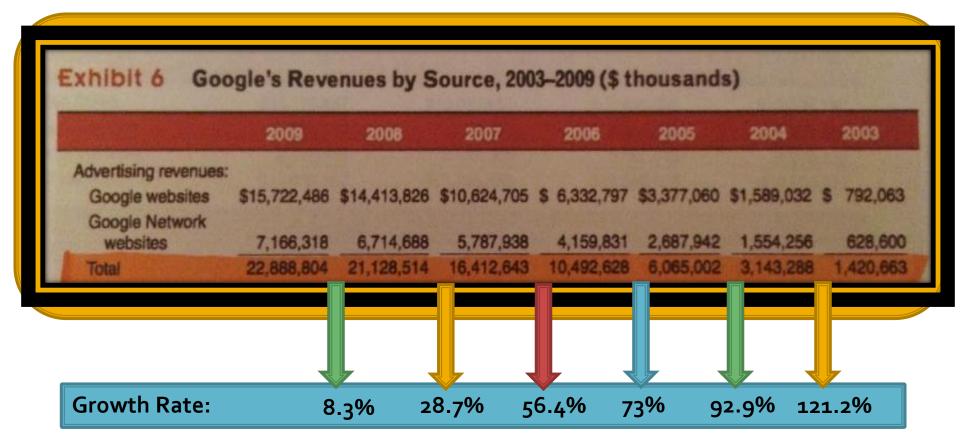


GROWTH THROUGH ADVERTISING



PERFORMANCE ISSUES

ADVERTISING REVENUE GROWTH RATE IS SLOWING



WHERE IS GOOGLE TODAY?

Algorithm	Android	Social	App Store	Glass	Chrome
Youtube	Engagement	Chrome		Android	
Algorithm	Android	00		e 2014	
Youtube	Engagement	Chrome	Glass	Android	Algorithm
Youtube					

- Focusing on holozoic mission
 Tapping not just mobile internet and monetizing android
- Benefiting from mobile search queries
- Expanding the android ecosystem
- Capitalizing on the power punch of Chrome
- Understanding the rich media content consumption
- Introducing Google Glass
- Cross-selling on the Playstore
- Updating the search algorithm

OVERCOMING OBSTACLES

Full implementation of publisher markup

More information and better support for webmasters

Alternatives to local search for internet only small businesses

Credit to original content sources



IN 2014

RECOMMENDATIONS



Extend Google Network



Focus on Tangible Technology



- Acquisitions
- Key Partnerships
- Promote products

- Retail Stores
- Product Innovation
- Store Development

- Enhance Resources/Capabilities
- Rare, Hard to Imitate Products
- Retain internal employees

SOURCES

- <u>http://www.reuters.com/finance/stocks/companyProfile?symbol=GOOG.O</u>
- <u>http://searchengineland.com/the-state-of-search-engine-marketing-2010-38826</u>
- <u>http://www.comscore.com/Insights/Press_Releases/2014/2/comScore_Releases_Janu</u> ary_2014_US_Search_Engine_Rankings
- <u>http://www.w3counter.com/globalstats.php</u>
- <u>http://www.statista.com/chart/620/estimated-display-advertising-revenue-of-major-digital-ad-selling-companies-in-the-united-states/</u>
- <u>http://www.ibisworld.com/industry/default.aspx?indid=1982</u>
- <u>http://www.econ.upf.edu/~lemenestrel/IMG/pdf/2_teece_on_bmi.pdf</u>
- <u>http://www.techtimetea.com/google-pipeline-2014/</u>
- <u>http://www.business2community.com/seo/issues-google-needs-address-2014-0715481#!Bwo7K</u>